

Human Subjects Research

Research involving a living individual about whom data or biospecimens are obtained/used/studied/analyzed through interaction/intervention, or identifiable, private information is used/studied/analyzed/generated

Examples of human subjects research include:

- Collecting blood
- Administering medicine
- Changing their environment
- Conducting a survey
- Interviewing
- Administering a psychological test
- Having their name
- Collecting data
- Testing a new educational technique

Included in the NIH application:

- ✓ Protection of Human Subjects attachment

If funded, grantees will need:

- ✓ An Institutional Federal-Wide Assurance (FWA) with OHRP
- ✓ IRB approval
- ✓ Human Subjects education* even for exemptions

If research meets the criteria for one of the eight categories of activities that are **exempt** from the federal regulations, not all of the above may apply. Some of the exemptions require a limited IRB review (7 and 8, and some designs under 2 and 3).

Exemptions:

Exemption 1

Conducted in an educational setting involving normal education practices

Exemption 2

Use of educational tests, surveys, interviews, or observations of public behavior unless identifiable and poses risks

Exemption 3

Use of benign behavioral interventions

Exemption 4

Collection or study of existing data or specimens if publicly available or de-identified

Exemption 5

Public service program or demonstration project

Exemption 6

Taste and food quality

Exemption 7

Storage of identifiable information or biospecimens for secondary research use. Broad consent and limited IRB review is required.

Exemption 8

Secondary research use of identifiable information or biospecimens. Broad consent and limited IRB review is required.